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G. VENKATASWAMY NAIDU COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), KOVILPATTI – 628 502.



PG DEGREE END SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS - NOVEMBER 2024.

(For those admitted in June 2023 and later)

PROGRAMME AND BRANCH: M.A., ENGLISH

SEM	CATEGORY	COMPONENT	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE
II	PART - III	SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSE - 1	P23EN2SE1	TECHNOLOGY IN TEACHING ENGLISH

Date : 16.11.2024 / AN

Time : 3 hours

Maximum: 75 Marks

Course Outcome	Bloom's K-level	Q. No.	SECTION - A (10 X 1 = 10 Marks) Answer <u>ALL</u> Questions.
CO1	K1	1.	If we combine classroom teaching with e-learning to create a hybrid approach to teaching, it will be _____. a) Synchronous Learning b) Asynchronous Learning c) CAI d) Blended Learning
CO1	K2	2.	_____ is an example of an 'internet search engine'. a) Windows b) LINUX c) Yahoo d) MS Word
	K1	3.	When you put content onto a web page for people to look at this is called _____. a) downloading b) uploading c) teleconferencing d) copy and Paste
CO2	K2	4.	What does a web hosting service do? a) Provide space on a server to hold your website b) Run an Internet café c) Teach children how to use computers d) Buy and sell mobile devices that can access the Internet
CO3	K1	5.	What is the full form of TTS? a) Typically Typed Speech b) Text to Speech c) Typographic Text Speech d) Text to Syntax
CO3	K2	6.	What is the medium to convert text information into spoken sentences? a) Speech Sensors b) Compact convertors c) Speech Synthesizers d) Voice systems
CO4	K1	7.	The word 'thesaurus' was used in the year _____ by Peter Mark Roget for his Roget's Thesaurus. a) 1832 b) 1852 c) 1872 d) 1892
CO4	K2	8.	_____ focuses on the compilation of dictionaries and lexicons. a) E- Dictionary b) WordNet c) Lexicography d) Thesaurus
CO5	K1	9.	E-Learning is flexible it means _____. a) E-learning can be accessed in any place. b) E-learning can be accessed by anyone. c) E-learning can be accessed without a lot of rules. d) Learning can take place anytime and anywhere, as long as the necessary equipment is accessible.
CO5	K2	10.	What specifically is E-learning good for? a) Managing Interactive self-study and tutorials. b) Reduce learning time. c) Increase the consultation time. d) Enhances learning activities.

Course Outcome	Bloom's K-level	Q. No.	SECTION – B (5 X 5 = 25 Marks) Answer ALL Questions choosing either (a) or (b)
CO1	K2	11a.	Write a note on Virtual Learning Environment? (OR)
CO1	K2	11b.	Describe 'Vocaroo', 'Lingt' and 'GoogleDocs'.
CO2	K2	12a.	Explain the methods to write content for creating ads. (OR)
CO2	K2	12b.	Demonstrate MetaData Development and its usages.
CO3	K3	13a.	Interpret IVR and its types. (OR)
CO3	K3	13b.	Write some tips for instructional texts and materials.
CO4	K3	14a.	Organize WordNet and its usages. (OR)
CO4	K3	14b.	Elucidate the features of E-Dictionary.
CO5	K4	15a.	Differentiate between Synchronous and Asynchronous E-learning of language. (OR)
CO5	K4	15b.	Analyze the significant of Machine Translation.

Course Outcome	Bloom's K-level	Q. No	SECTION – C (5 X 8 = 40 Marks) Answer ALL Questions choosing either (a) or (b)
CO1	K4	16a.	Illustrate some effective Web Tools in Teaching. (OR)
CO1	K4	16b.	Examine the applications of Virtual Learning Environment.
CO2	K5	17a.	Assess the methods to develop and host a webpage. (OR)
CO2	K5	17b.	Mention the steps to develop and edit Wikipedia.
CO3	K5	18a.	Evaluate some popular Search Engines, their usages and their applications. (OR)
CO3	K5	18b.	Give a detailed note on synthesizers.
CO4	K5	19a.	Criticize the various methods of Language Teaching. (OR)
CO4	K5	19b.	Appraise the usages of Dictionary, E-Dictionary and Thesaurus.
CO5	K6	20a.	Construct the factors of Synchronous and Asynchronous E-learning of language. (OR)
CO5	K6	20b.	Integrate some E-learning challenges and solutions.